





An intelligent, economical solution to fully utilize warehouse spaces at heights

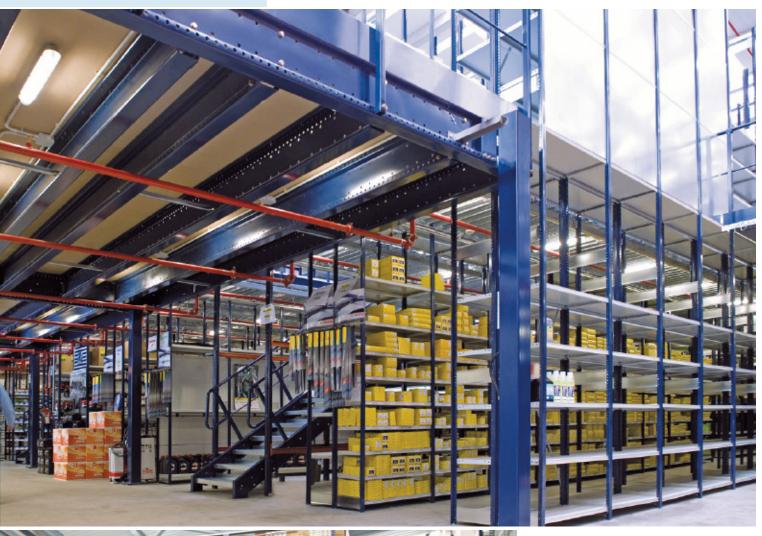
Mecalux mezzanines are steel structures made out of main beams, secondary beams and columns. They create new elevated surfaces on warehouse or facility floors, enabling extra space for storage, work areas, etc. in a quick and inexpensive way.

Considering that land is an increasingly rare and expensive commodity, especially in urban areas, mezzanines offer a cost-effective and highly versatile solution for companies that need to increase their storage surface area without affecting their bottom line, or when it is not possible to expand a warehouse due to the nature of the space.

In addition to the load bearing structure, mezzanines consist of the floor of the newly created surface, the handrails, the access stairs and sometimes the gates to access goods. Mecalux has a wide variety of sizes and finishes to suit all needs, both for load capacity and space distribution.

In other words, installing a mezzanine doubles or triples storage surface area. It is the best way to solve space problems at a minimal cost.







There are virtually endless possible uses of mezzanines. Both the variety of sizes and the various constructive systems, add-ons and finishes result in customized projects suited to the space available and each customer's requirements.

Key advantages

The most cost-effective way to optimize space at heights in your warehouse

Space saving

The possibility of building one or several raised floors on the ground floor of an installation can double or triple its useful surface area.

- The various constructive systems **allow raising structures with large distances between columns** and a diaphanous floor space that increases the capacity of the warehouse, as well as improves the maneuverability of the handling equipment.
- The Mecalux Engineering department can design custom projects that perfectly adapt to the space available in warehouses with complex features. They circumvent any potential constraints within the building, making full use of the entire surface area.

Cost savings

The cost per square foot of a mezzanine is significantly lower than what it would cost to expand the main floor's surface area.

- It does not require a foundation, so it is **totally removable and reusable**. This offers the possibility of modifying its structure, dimensions and location, reinstalling all its components.
- There is the possibility of dispensing with annexed facilities to build two or three differentiated zones in the same warehouse by devoting, for example, the bottom part to picking and the upper floors to storing pallets or boxes.
- Assembly is quick, easy and does not generate filth, so the work cycle within the company is not interrupted.





Versatility

The diversity of the profiles, sizes, floor types and finishes converts Mecalux mezzanines into a system suitable for a variety of uses within production centers, storage and industrial warehouses, workshops, etc.

- Any type of load capacity or space distribution requirement is perfectly outfitted by the **three** available **constructive systems**.
- They can be complemented with **different racking systems**.
- **Platform and goods lifts** can also be incorporated to facilitate the movement of goods from one level to another.

Safety

Mecalux mezzanines comply with regulations worldwide for this type of construction.

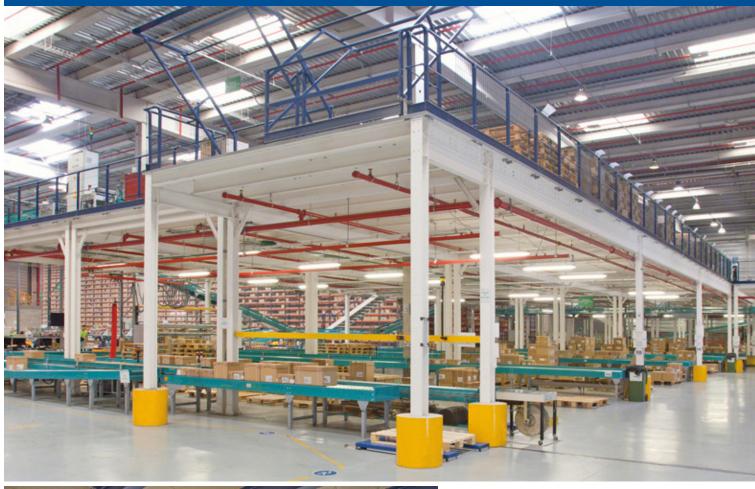
- To ensure the maximum resilience and stability of the structure, Mecalux uses calculation software that designs a layout and calculates the optimum features of the different mezzanine floor elements on a case to case basis, considering factors such as:
- . Use overload lb/ft² (load requested by the customer).
- . Floor type to be used.
- . Height of the mezzanine floor.
- . Overhanging main and secondary beams.
- . Adjacent spaces/obstacles.
- . Live loads (pallet trucks, etc.).
- . Characteristics of the premises and additional specifications of the customer.
- In all projects, the rules of calculation, safety coefficients and permitted deflections are monitored. For example, to calculate structures that make up mezzanines, the Eurocode 3 guidelines of the European standard are taken into consideration.

- The storage or mezzanine floor structure is calculated in 3D using the finite element program, always applying a second order calculation to take into account the influence of the structure's deflection.

 Simultaneously, Mecalux collaborates with external laboratories to perform tests on the connections between the different components.
- **Fire protection**: according to the intended end use of the mezzanines, the constructive system employed, and national and local regulations, structures can be protected against fire by applying intumescent paint making them heat-resistant.
- Mecalux follows a comprehensive assembly safety protocol to prevent work related accidents.

Constructive systems

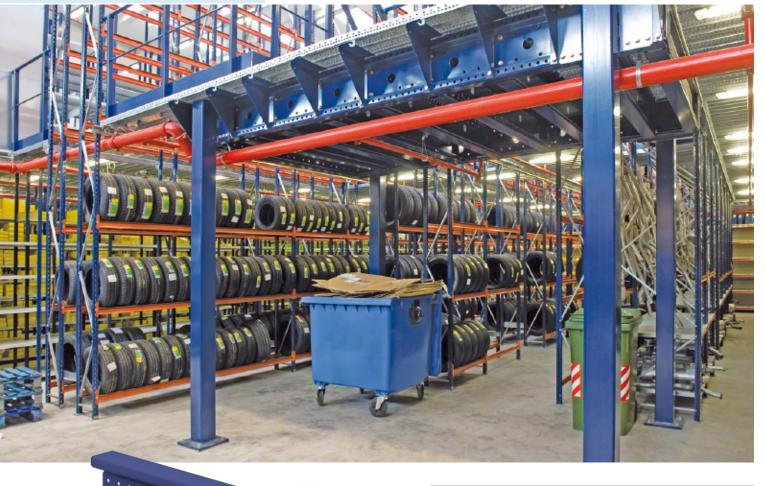
Three constructive systems to suit all types of loads and uses

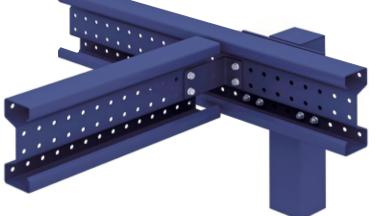


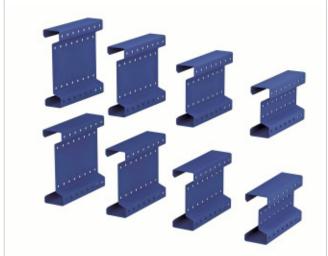


In order to offer the ideal solution in each individual case, Mecalux has three mezzanine constructive systems to choose from based on the load, the distances between columns and the use for which they are intended.

When designing a mezzanine floor with any of the mentioned constructive systems, the constraining factors within each case are taken into account. These include factors such as accesses, the work system, the product, the loading and unloading area, the handling equipment or the floor type (e.g. asphalt, tiles or terrazzo are not suitable to bear the load of the posts).







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Sigma system

This type of mezzanines is composed of cold-rolled profiles. Both the columns and the beams with Sigma profiles are manufactured in various heights, lengths, thicknesses, drill hole diameters, etc., which makes it possible to create multiple combinations.

Sigma cold-formed, steel profiles can act as main beams, and as secondary beams that rest on the main beams.

Its standardized length is between 39" and 472" in 10" sections, with a height ranging from 9" to 16" and a width of between 4" and 5".

This system creates a diaphanous surface under the mezzanine floor, given that its high resilience supports a large distance between columns.

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Diversity of Sigma profile

thicknesses

Constructive systems



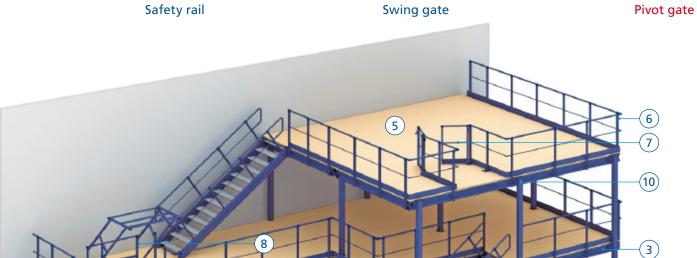
Drill holes for additional elements

Sigma profiles have drill holes that allow easy attachment of beams elements such as monorails, overhead conveyors, auxiliary structures, work accessories, etc. These additional elements must be considered in the calculation when the installation is planned.

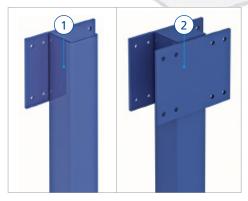


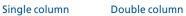


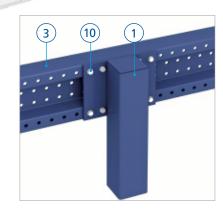




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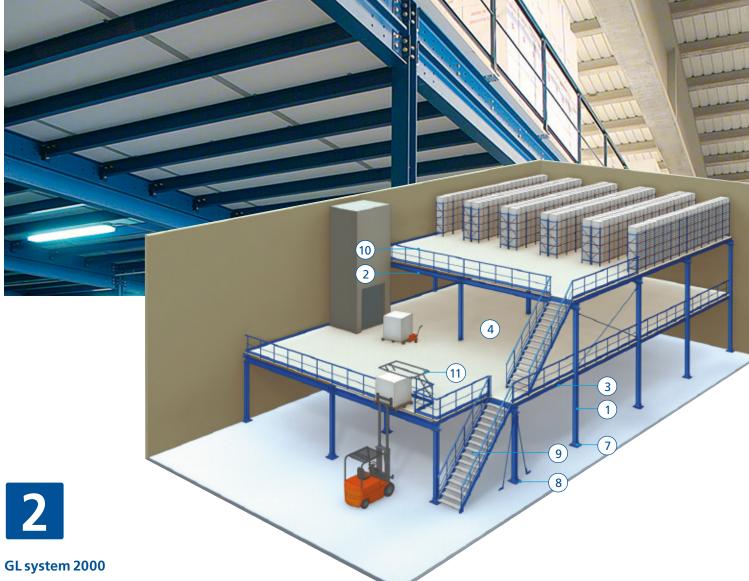


Basic components

- 1. Single column
- 2. Double column
- 3. Main beam
- 4. Secondary beam
- 5. Floor
- 6. Safety railing
- 7. Swing gate
- 8. Up and over pallet gate
- 9. Staircase
- 10. Fastening plate



Constructive systems



This system is ideal for large distances between columns and for medium and heavy loads.

It is constructed with standardized, hot-rolled, IPE profiles (section is parallel sided and double T shaped).

The secondary beams are embedded in the main beams and joined together via brackets, which are bolted to the beam cores.

The columns are made out of HEA profiles (H shaped sections). Holes are drilled into the beam flanges so that the beams can be held in place using lateral brackets.

4 3 5 2 1 7 8

As an option, they can be painted with intumescent paint for fire protection. This constructive system enables various floors to be installed one on top of another.

Basic Components

- 1. Column
- 2. Main beam
- 3. Secondary beam
- 4. Floor
- 5. Support angle bracket
- 6. Floor attachment clamp
- 7. Column base plate
- 8. Anchors
- 9. Staircase
- 10. Handrail
- 11. Up and over pallet gate



although it is most common to use main beams manufactured HEA steel profiles.

In addition, columns are often built using H shaped, hot-rolled



Floor types

Different options for a perfect finish that match the setting and use

There are different types of floors that adapt to different needs depending on: the load, the type of work, the movement of forklifts, the ventilation requirements, etc. They are made from standard sized and finished pieces that are fastened to the beams using flanges and clamps.

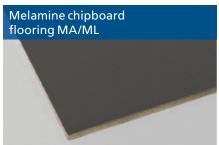




Wooden flooring



It is built with 1" thick chipboard panels that are interlocked via splices or tongue and groove joints. Once the panels are in place, the floor provides a smooth, unfinished surface. An alternative is fireproof panel flooring, treated to prevent the spread of fire and rated M1.

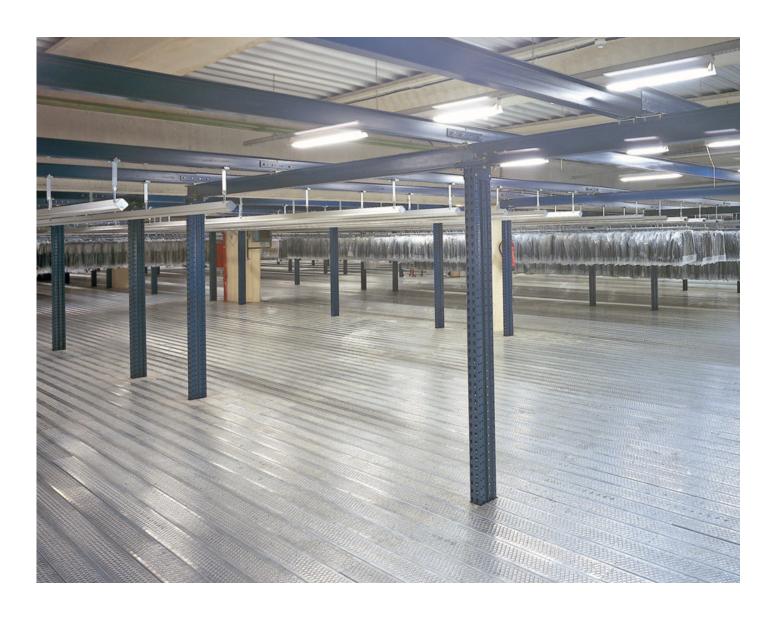


It is made out of 1" thick chipboard panels that feature tongue and groove joints, so their installation is fast and the joints line up perfectly without needing splice pieces.

Both sides have a melamine finish: white on the bottom side, and a black, textured finish on the top side that provides an anti-slip, scratch resistant surface. Overall, it gives a professional looking finish and a brighter work area below.



Conglomerate wood flooring can be covered with 0.6" thick galvanized steel when any sort of pallet truck or heavy trolley circulates on the mezzanine floor. Thus, wear and tear to the wood is avoided, and resulting noise levels are minimized.

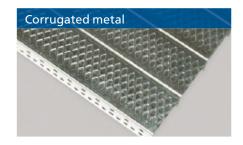


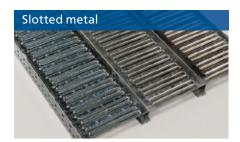


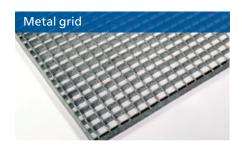
Metal floors

Metal floors are manufactured out of galvanized steel and have a high load capacity.

The different models come in a variety of slotted or perforated surfaces depending on the ventilation requirements and the water supply in fire protection systems.









Railings and staircases

Add-ins that are essential for the safety and accessibility of the mezzanine floor

Handrails

It is mandatory to install handrails around the perimeter of the mezzanine floor, which is not located directly up against walls. This is a safety element for the protection of staff working in the installation.

Its main components are the handrail, the handrail post (with a maximum separation between posts of between 43" and 60" depending on the constructive system), the intermediate rails and the kickboards (to prevent objects from falling).

Accessories

In certain mezzanines, it may be necessary to set up an area to give access to pallets. To do this, a few openings in the handrails are made to install available gate models:



Swing gate

It opens inward to facilitate the input of merchandise from the exterior. It incorporates a lower bumper and an upper hand-operated latch to close it securely. Two gates can be set up for a 60" wide access, or a single one for a 30" wide access.



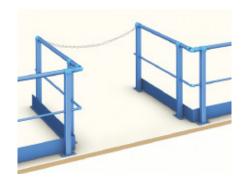
Sliding gates

Running parallel to the installation, it slides manually to one side, leaving the passageway between the two handrail posts open. This facilitates the depositing of goods into the mezzanine floor from the ground level, usually by handling equipment.



Up and over pallet gate

This kind of access offers maximum safety for operators loading and unloading pallets. The space is always protected because to access goods the opposite side of the railing must be pushed downwards. The height of the load to be handled may vary, depending on the sweep of the gate and the location of the pallet.



Safety zone

This constitutes the railing itself, creating a space for depositing goods when a loading and unloading area is required. The number of chain guards to install, and the separation between them, will depend on the norms in vigor within each country.





Staircases

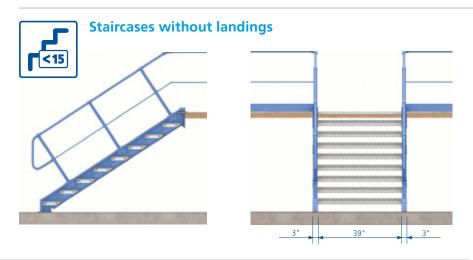
Preassembled Mecalux staircases are easy to set up, resilient, adaptable to different heights and comply with the constructive standards applicable on an international level. Normally 8, 10, 12 and 15 step staircases are installed, depending on the height to be filled. From 15 steps and upwards, several flights must be installed which incorporate intermediate landings.

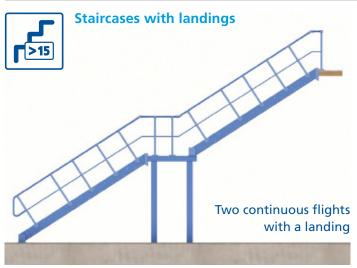
The best type of staircase will be chosen on an individual basis depending on the number of steps, the staircase width (standardized sizes are 31" and 39" wide) and the number of railings (1 or 2, based on the location of the staircase).

The configurations of the staircases vary according to the floor distribution and the space available.

Intermediate landings

- The flights of stairs maintain the same direction (continuous staircase).
- The flights of the stairs form a 90° angle.
- The flights of stairs turn at 180°.





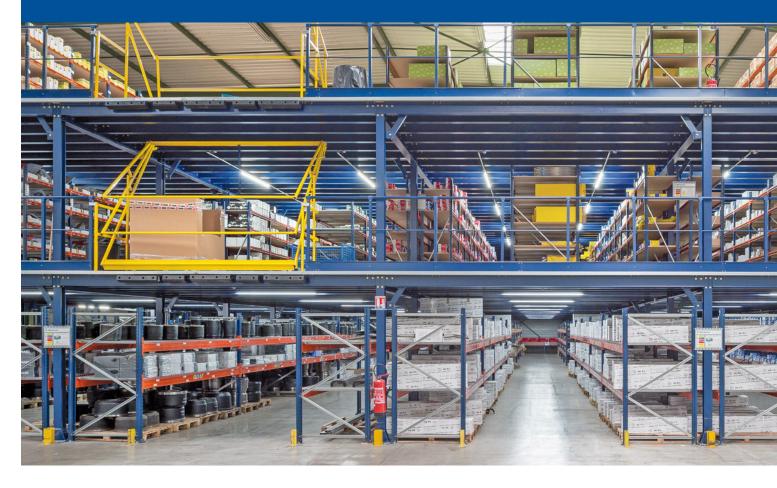


Two flights of stairs at 90°



Uses

New life at heights



The surface area obtained at heights by installing a new mezzanine floor can be used for a variety of applications such as workstations, component assembly areas and picking or storage zones. Here are few examples:



A mezzanine for large amounts of SKUs in a variety of sizes

In this example, there are two mezzanine levels to store low turnover consumer products. The floors are connected by a continuous and automated conveyor system making it possible for the operators to prepare orders by areas.

In this warehouse, different rack distributions and sizes are installed on each level. Bulkier products for direct preparation are allocated to the ground floor. Meanwhile, the second and third levels have very similar layouts and both stored identically sized products.





Reception area and order preparation

The mezzanine floor pictured above is linked to a picking warehouse by walkways, and used as an order preparation and reception area. There is an adjoining lift platform to move the goods between levels.



Storing products of varying formats

In this example, upper warehouse spaces are used to deposit boxes of various formats directly on the floor, while lower spaces are equipped with cantilever racks to store very long format profiles.









Workshop warehouse

In this implementation, the bottom part is used as a zone for assembling electrical panels and the top as a warehouse of its components.

Separate work area

A common application is to use the bottom level as a work zone and the top level as a product assembly area, isolated by aluminum partitions and false ceilings for a quieter environment. The enclosure is also used to restrict access to where valuable products are stored.

interlakemecalux.com Mezzanines



Combination of the conveyor circuit and the storage area

There is an order preparation work area on the mezzanine floor in the above image. It is provisioned thanks to a conveyor circuit for boxes that was set up. This circuit connects this floor with the lower level where these orders are classified.

What stands out is the fire protection system installed, which consists of a structure of pipes and branches with sprinklers attached to the beams of the mezzanine floor. In addition, the painted parts were treated with an intumescent paint as an additional fire-resistance measure.





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